Event-based Egocentric Human Pose Estimation in Dynamic Environment Keio University

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Overview

Problem Statement

We aim to estimate 3D human pose with event-based egocentric camera in dynamic environment.

Challenges

• RGB methods: Difficult to capture in low-light conditions, and fast



motion causes motion blur.

Handling Dynamic Environments: Existing methods do not work well in dynamic environments. They assume a static scene.

Contributions

Proposed a novel task and a framework / Developed the Motion Segmentation Module / Created a new dataset

Method

1. Voxelization

Convert the event point cloud into a voxel grid. This keeps the time information and reduces the amount of computation.

2. Motion Segmentation

Remove moving objects and extract

background information. This makes the method work in dynamic environments.



- 3. Head and Body Pose Estimation
- Use the processed voxel grid from steps 1 and 2 to estimate the head pose
- Conditioned on the head pose, generate the \bullet body pose using a diffusion model

Motion Segmentation Result



Experiment

Dataset

- Synthetic events are generated from EgoBody
- Dynamic masks are created from SMPL-X

Quantitative Evaluation



- Our method outperformed in 4 out of 5 metrics
- For head pose, it performed better in both of the 2 metrics

Qualitative Evaluation

Our method gives more accurate results, especially for hand and head positions.

Future Work

Test on real data / Combine with other modalities / Interactions with people and the environment

Estimated person					
Estimated person					
Ref: Third person view	Voxel Grid	w/ Motion Segmentation	EgoEgo	Ours	GT
	O _{head} ↓	T _{head} ↓	MPJPE	L↓ Accel↓	, FS ↓
EgoEgo	* 0.293	126.6	119.5	2.87	0.79
Ours	6 0.282	121.8	121.5	2.69	0.64
EgoEgo w/ GT mask) (0.281	121.8	121.4	2.60	0.55